

Summary of Clinical Preventive Services Guidelines for Young Adults Ages 18-25 (CPSG-YA Summary) UCSF Division of Adolescent and Young Adult Medicine

Updated September 28th, 2020

II (√)	At Risk (+)	Screening Test/Procedure and Other Notes
√		Screen every 3-5 years with BP < 130/85mm Hg w/ no other risks
		√ Bright Futures once between 18-21 y/o; USPSTF insufficient evidence
√		[Weight (lb.)/Height (in)] x 703
	+	Intensive behavioral counseling
	•	· ·
√		NIAA Screening; AUDIT; √ Bright Futures
V		5-A Framework (Ask, Advise, Assess, Assist, Arrange); should undergo behavioral interventions
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		√ Bright Futures* and ACOG**, USPSTF insufficient evidence
<u>v</u>		
√	1	Screening instruments: PHQ, EPDS
 √		√ Bright Futures and ACOG, USPSTF insufficient evidence
ν		V bright l'utales and ACOO, 05/5/1/insumclent evidence
	1	HITS; OAS/OVAT; STaT; HARK; CTQ-SF; and WAST
<u>√</u>		√ Bright Futures and ACOG
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ν		Bright Futures only
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√		HIV Screening
	+ +	High-Intensity Counseling Interventions RPR or VDRL followed by TPPA or FTA-ABS if first test result is positive
	+ +	NAATs; test if ≤ 24 and sexually active or if ≥ 25 and at increased risk
	+ +	NAATs; test if ≤ 24 and sexually active of if ≥ 25 and at increased risk
	+	Bright Futures, USPSTF insufficient evidence
	+ +	\sqrt{ACOG} , + Bright Futures
٧	+ +	+ Bright Futures
	+	Women planning/capable of pregnancy should take folic acid daily
	<u> </u>	women planning/capable of pregnancy should take fond acid daily
		E-mailed and a 21. C table of from an end and a second and a
	+	Females aged \geq 21: Cytology (pap smear) every 3 years
	+	Counsel those aged 10-24 years with fair skin on reducing UV exposure
\checkmark		√ Bright Futures for all males 18-21, USPSTF recommends against
nendati	+	Family Hx of breast, ovarian, tubal, or peritoneal cancer
	lons	
√		1 dose Tdap, then Td booster every 10 years
√		HPV vaccine for male and females up to age 26; 2-3 lifetime doses
√		2 lifetime doses at least 4 weeks apart ***See below
<u>√</u>		1 or 2 lifetime doses at least 4 weeks apart
√	 .	1 dose annually
	+	PCV13: 1 lifetime dose; PPSV23: 1-2 lifetime doses
√	ļ	Havrix or Vaqta: 2 doses; Twinrix (18+ y/o): 3-4 doses
V		Recombivax HB (11-15 y/o): 2 doses; Heplisav-B/Twinrix (18+ y/o): 2-3 lifetim doses.
√	ļ	Anti-HCV antibody testing, polymerase chain reaction testing
√		2 lifetime doses
	-	√

Bold = US Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) A or B

Recommendation or CDC recommendations for immunizations.

Current evidence is insufficient to assess the balance of benefits and harms of service. $\sqrt{=}$ All adolescents + = Adolescents at risk. For more information, please view the <u>appendix</u>, and visit the <u>official website</u>.

* Bright Futures: recommendations are for annual visits, up to age 21.

** American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG)

recommendations, up to age 26.

*** The varicella vaccine should NOT be given to patients with these <u>contraindications</u>. **Cite as:** National Adolescent and Young Adult Health Information Center (2020). Summary of Clinical Preventive Services Guidelines for Adolescents up to Age 18. San Francisco, CA: National Adolescent and Young Adult Health Information Center, University of California, San Francisco. Retrieved from: <u>http://nahic.ucsf.edu/resource_center/adolescent-guidelines/</u>.